Türkiye Klinikleri Journal of Gerontology is an international, scientific, open access and periodical journal published with independent, unbiased and double-blind peer-review principles. The journal is committed to promoting the highest standards of scientific change and education. It is published two times in a year on June and December.

The journal’s publication language is English/Turkish.

Türkiye Klinikleri Journal of Gerontology is is a peer-reviewed scientific journal focused on geriatrics and gerontology. It focuses on geriatric syndromes, geriatric psychiatry, the approach to the elderly patient and the biological basis of aging, as well as the medical, mental, psychological, socioeconomic and environmental problems of geriatric cases.

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Acceptance is based on significance, and originality of the material submitted.

The editorial board will invite an external and independent editor to manage the evaluation processes of manuscripts submitted by editors or by the editorial board members of the journal. The Editor in Chief is the final authority in the decision-making process for all submissions.

If the article is accepted for publication, it may be subject to editorial revisions to aid clarity and understanding without changing the data presented.

You can see detailed information about the article evaluation process in the Article Review Process Chart.

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2. S/he has to make important intellectual/conceptual critical corrections for the preparation of study design or for the content.
3. S/he has to give approval for the study that is ready for publication,
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**Conflict of Interest**

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Main Document: Authors are encouraged to follow the following principles before submitting their material.

For submission and review, please submit the manuscript as a Word document. Do not submit your manuscript in PDF format. (12-point font size, double-space text, Times New Roman)

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Abstract: Should be included in abstracts, which should not contain any references, figure and table numbers. Acronyms should not be used in Abstracts, unless required. The abstracts should be prepared in accordance with the instructions in the "Table 1" and placed in the article file.

Keywords: They should be minimally two, and the words should be separated by a semicolon (;), from each other.

Keywords should be appropriate to "Medical Subject Headings (MESH)" (Look: www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html).

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When a drug, product, hardware, or software program is mentioned within the main text, product information, including the name of the product, the producer of the product, and city and the country of the company (including the state if in USA), should be provided in parentheses in the following format: "Discovery SI PET/CT scanner (General Electric, Milwaukee, WI, USA)"

Figures, Pictures, Tables and Graphics:

- All figures, pictures, tables and graphics should be cited at the end of the relevant sentence. Explanations about figures, pictures, tables and graphics must be placed at the end of the article.

- Figures, pictures/photographs must be added to the system as separate .jpg or .gif files (approximately 500x400 pixels, 8 cm in width and scanned at 300 resolution).

- All abbreviations used, must be listed in explanation which will be placed at the bottom of each figure, picture, table and graphic.

- For figures, pictures, tables and graphics to be reproduced relevant permissions need to be provided. This permission must be mentioned in the explanation.

- Pictures/photographs must be in color, clear and with appropriate contrast to separate details

Like the rest of the submission, the figures too should be blind. Any information within the images that may indicate an individual or institution should be blinded.

Video and Movie Images: Video and movie images should be prepared in MPEG format with a maximum size of 5 MB. They should be submitted to the journal with the manuscript documents. The names of patients, doctors, institutions and places should be omitted from all documents

Statistical Evaluation: All retrospective, prospective and experimental research articles must be evaluated in terms of biostatistics and it must be stated together with appropriate plan, analysis and report. The statistical tests should be briefly noted in the Methods section (eg, ANOVA or Fisher exact test). Such description should include appropriate references to the original literature, particularly for uncommon statistical tests and methods.

- p: values must be given clearly in the manuscripts (e.g. p= 0.025; p= 0.524). Must be use means and standard deviations (SD) for normally distributed data and medians and minimum-maximum values, ranges (R) or interquartile ranges (IQR) for data that are not normally distributed. Must be report losses to observation, such as dropouts from a clinical trial or those lost to follow-up or unavailable in an observational study. The manuscripts in process are reviewed by the biostatistic editor when required. Additional information in order to control the biostatistical convenience of the papers that are submitted to biomedical journals can be obtained from the web page www.icmje.org

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CATEGORIES OF ARTICLES

Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Original Articles

Original articles should provide new information based on original research. The main text should be structured with “Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, Conflict of Interest, Authors Contributions” subheadings. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Abstract: The abstract of Research Articles should be structured with subheadings (Objective, Material and Methods, Results, Conclusion). (Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles).

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Methods: Include the details of clinical and technical procedures.

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Results: Present these clearly, concisely, and without comment. Statistical analysis results should also be provided in this section to support conclusions when available.

Discussion: Explain your results and relate them to those of other authors; define their significance for clinical practice. Limitations, drawbacks, or shortcomings of the study should also be stated in the discussion section before the conclusion paragraph.

Conclusion: In the last section, a strong conclusion should be written

References: Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles

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The journal will consider 3 types of review articles. The type of review should be indicated in the title. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

1) Systematic Reviews (without meta-analysis): Require a complete systematic search of the literature using multiple databases, covering many years, and grading of the quality of the cited evidence. Systematic Reviews without meta-analysis are published as “Reviews”; those with meta-analysis are published as “Original Investigations”.

2) Advances in Diagnosis and Treatment: Also require a complete systematic search of the literature, but only of the last 5 years of published literature. An assessment of quality of the evidence is not required but is recommended.

3) Narrative Reviews: Do not require a rigorous literature search but should rely on evidence and should be written by established experts in the field.

Content: Abstract, Titles on related topics, Conflict of Interest and Authors Contributions, References

Case Reports:

Brief descriptions of a previously undocumented disease process, a unique unreported manifestation or treatment of a known disease process, or unique unreported complications of treatment regimens. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Content: Abstract, Introduction, Case report, Discussion, Conflict of Interest and Authors Contributions, References

Editorial Commentary/Discussion:

Evaluation of the original research article is done by the specialists of the field (except the authors of the research article) and it is published at the end of the related article.

Letters to the Editor:

These are the letters that include different views, experiments and questions of the readers about the manuscripts that were published in this journal in the last six months. Letters should not exceed 400 words of text and 5 references, 1 of which should be to the recent article. Letters may have no more than 3 authors. Letters not meeting these specifications are generally not considered. Letters being considered for publication ordinarily will be sent to the authors of the original article, who will be given the opportunity to reply. Letters will be published at the discretion of the editors and are subject to abridgement and editing for style and content. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Differential Diagnosis:

These are case reports which have topical importance. They include commentaries related with similar diseases. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Content: Abstract, Titles related with subject, Conflict of Interest and Authors Contributions, References
This article type is intended to provide readers with novel and clinically relevant images of unusual or striking examples of clinical entities, laboratory/radiological studies, or therapeutic procedures with brief explanatory text. The figure can be a single image or no more than 2 related images (eg, a composite showing Figure 1A and 1B). Each image should be of high quality in terms of features such as exposure, focus, color, and contrast. The figure should have a simple descriptive title and a brief legend that includes relevant technical details and explains all labeled structures. Additional explanatory text, which is not part of the legend and ideally should not duplicate the legend, should be limited to 300 words or less and should present relevant clinical information succinctly, such as a short, deidentified description of a patient and/or the patient's history, relevant physical and laboratory findings, clinical course, response to treatment (if any), and/or condition at last follow-up. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for articles.

Invited Commentary:
An invited commentary is a short article that describes an author's personal experience of a specific topic. Unlike a review article, the author gives his own opinions and perspectives. It typically addresses a current, hot and often controversial subject. It may take two formats, namely, provide an expert author's personal views of and insight into a current hot topic, or add balance to another paper being commented upon, with addition of the author's own perspective.

What is Your Diagnosis?:
These articles are related with diseases that are seen rarely and show differences in diagnosis and treatment, and they are prepared as questions-answers.

Content:
- Titles related with subject
- References (between 3 and 5)

Medical Book Reviews:
Reviews and comments on current national and international medical books.

Questions and Answers:
Scientific educational questions and answers on medical topics

**TABLE 1: Limitations for each manuscript type**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of manuscript</th>
<th>Word limit</th>
<th>Abstract word limit</th>
<th>Reference limit</th>
<th>Table limit</th>
<th>Figure limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research Article</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>200-250 (Structured)</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5 or total of 10 images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review Article</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>200-250</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10 or total of 15 images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case Report</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>100-150</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3 or total of 6 images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter to the Editor</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>No abstract</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>No tables</td>
<td>No images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Diagnosis</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>100-150</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3 or total of 6 images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original Images</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>No abstract</td>
<td>Between 3 and 5</td>
<td>No tables</td>
<td>1 or total of 2 images</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**REFERENCES**

References should be numbered according to the appearance order in the text and should be indicated as “Superscript” just after punctuation marks at the end of the sentence. Journal names should be abbreviated according to the style used in Index Medicus. All references, (books, articles and similar articles) should be written according to the rules of International Committee of Medical Journal Editors Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals (http://www.nlm.nih.gov) (https://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/uniform_requirements.html). PubMed PMID for the citations: Add PubMed PMID numbers to the end of references taken from the Pubmed database.

Congress papers, personal experiences, unpublished theses cannot be cited as references, but can be mentioned in the article.

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**Standard journal article:** If the number of authors in the article is 6 or less, all authors should be specified, if 7 or more, the first 6 names should be written and "et al" should be added.


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Supplements

Parts of an issue

Article retracted

Books
Personal author(s):

Author(s) and editor(s):

Chapter in a book

Other References
Conference proceedings

Conference paper

Dissertation or Thesis:
Author of the thesis. Title of thesis [Type of thesis]. City name: University name; Year. [Date of access]. Available link

Newspaper article

Homepage/Web site:

Part of a homepage/Web site

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